

Standards for Cable Tray Supports

Article Overview

Cable tray supports must comply with standards such as IEC 61537, NEMA VE 1, and BS EN 61537, ensuring mechanical strength, corrosion resistance, proper span, and safe installation.

Key Standards and Guidelines

IEC 61537 is the international benchmark for metal cable tray systems, covering steel, stainless steel, and aluminum trays. It specifies mechanical strength, corrosion resistance, electrical continuity, fire resistance, ventilation, fill ratio, and installation compatibility to ensure safe and reliable cable support. NEMA VE 1 provides manufacturing and installation requirements for metal cable trays, including ladder, ventilated, solid bottom, and wire mesh types. It defines load/span class designations and aligns with the National Electrical Code (NEC) and Canadian Electrical Code (CEC) for safe electrical installations. BS EN 61537 and BS 6946 are European standards for cable tray and channel support systems, emphasizing proper design, installation, and maintenance practices.

Material and Corrosion Considerations

Cable tray supports are typically made of steel or stainless steel, with galvanization or other coatings to improve corrosion resistance. Corrosion can occur in narrow gaps or in humid, contaminated environments, so proper material selection and protective coatings are critical.

Mechanical and Installation Requirements

- o Load Capacity and Span: Supports must withstand the weight of cables and environmental loads. Span lengths are determined by tray type, material, and load class.
- o Support Elements: Cable trays are mounted using brackets, hangers, or fasteners that are standardized separately from the tray system.
- o Separation and Grouping: Trays should allow proper cable segregation and organization to prevent overheating and facilitate maintenance.
- o Not for Personnel Support: Cable trays are designed to support cables, not people, ladders, or walkways.

Electrical and Safety Considerations

- o Grounding and Electrical Continuity: Metal trays often serve as grounding paths; continuity must be verified during installation.
- o Fire Resistance and Ventilation: Trays must allow adequate airflow to prevent overheating and comply with fire safety requirements.
- o Compliance with Codes: Installation must follow NEC Article 310, CEC C22.1-Part 1, and other local

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electrical codes .

Best Practices

- o Use components designed and tested as a system to ensure safety and reliability .
- o Verify material and coating suitability for environmental conditions.
- o Ensure proper spacing, support intervals, and secure fastening to structural elements.
- o Regularly inspect and maintain trays to prevent corrosion, mechanical failure, or electrical hazards. By adhering to these standards and guidelines, cable tray supports provide safe, durable, and code-compliant solutions for routing and supporting electrical and communication cables in industrial and commercial installations.

NEC Article 392 explains cable trays, their components, appropriate wiring methods for

NEMA Standards Publication VE 2-2006 Cable Tray Installation Guidelines Published by: National Electrical Manufacturers

Core rules for selecting, installing, grounding, and filling cable trays--clearances, materials, separation, and bonding

Understand Cable Tray Regulations worldwide. Learn key standards like NEC (US), BS

Explore the essential cable tray support spacing requirements for safe and efficient

In accordance with its continuous improvement policy, Legrand reserves the right to change the specifications and illustrations

As an industry leader in cable tray, Eaton offers one of the widest ranges of cable management solutions available in the market

Cable Trays and Cable Tray Supports This appendix provides the design criteria for seismic Category I cable trays and their

Cable Tray Inspection: All cable tray and supports must be checked for any signs of wear,

ation of cable management products. Because of its expertise, Legrand is part of the working group for IEC 61537 edition 3 and is de

Discover the essential cable tray spacing requirements for safe and efficient installation.

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Where necessary, cable tray systems and cable ladder systems can be used for the arrangement of cables into groups. This

SOLID-BOTTOM CABLE TRAY Providing additional cable protection, solid-bottom cable tray is sometimes preferred to support and

Foreword 267 For cable tray installers: NEMA BI-50016-2024 (hereinafter referred to as NEMA BI-50016) is intended 268 as a

Ventilated trough cable tray is often used when the specifier does not want to use ladder cable tray to support small diameter

Key Factors Impacting Cable Tray Spacing Understanding cable tray spacing is key to

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